## PRACTICE 4. LEARN HOW TO USE SOME APPARATUS TO MEASURE VOLUME

## FILL IN THE NEXT TABLE

|  | Graduated Cylinder | Pipette | Burette |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Highest graduation <br> line <br> (capacity) |  |  |  |
| Lowest graduation line |  |  |  |
| Sensitivity <br> (smallest graduation) |  |  |  |

## USING THE GRADUATED CYLINDER

The teacher is going to explain how to make up to the mark of a graduated cylinder using a dropper, and how to avoid "Parallax error". You will take notes here:

## MEASURING THE VOLUME OF AN IRREGULAR SOLID (WATER DISPLACEMENT METHOD)

- Fill the graduated cylinder up to a certain level.
- Introduce the object in the graduated cylinder.

Initial volume
Final volume
Object volume

## USING THE BURETTE

The teacher is going to explain how to make up to the mark of a burette using a funnel.

## MEASURING THE VOLUME OF A DROP OF WATER.

- Make up the burette to the top mark.
- Open the bottom tap of the burette, and count the number of drop for a certain volume you will take note of.
Volume
Number of drops
Volume of a single drop
Express that volume in $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ : $\qquad$


## USING THE PIPETTE

The teacher is going to explain how to make up to the mark of a pipette (suctioning or with a pipette filler bulb)
Make up the pipette to the top mark. Transfer a certain volume (your teacher will tell you which) to a beaker.

